



Thank
you

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is expected to increase from 1.1 billion to 1.4 billion (United Nations 1994).

There are a number of reasons why the number of children in the world is increasing. One of the main reasons is the decline in the death rate of children under 5 years of age. In 1990, the death rate was 100 per 1,000 live births, but by 2000, it is expected to fall to 60 per 1,000 live births (United Nations 1994).

Another reason is the increase in the number of children who are not being registered at birth. In 1990, only 80% of children under 5 years of age were registered at birth, but by 2000, it is expected to rise to 90% (United Nations 1994).

The increase in the number of children in the world is a cause for concern because it will have a significant impact on the environment. The world's population is expected to reach 6 billion by 2000, and this will put a tremendous strain on the planet's resources (United Nations 1994).

One of the main environmental problems caused by the increase in the number of children is the depletion of the ozone layer. The ozone layer is a protective layer of gas in the Earth's atmosphere that absorbs most of the sun's harmful ultraviolet radiation. However, the release of certain chemicals, such as chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs), has led to the depletion of the ozone layer (United Nations 1994).

Another environmental problem caused by the increase in the number of children is global warming. The release of greenhouse gases, such as carbon dioxide, has led to an increase in the Earth's average temperature. This has led to a rise in sea levels and an increase in the number of extreme weather events (United Nations 1994).

The increase in the number of children in the world is also a cause for concern because it will have a significant impact on the world's economy. The world's population is expected to reach 6 billion by 2000, and this will put a tremendous strain on the world's resources (United Nations 1994).

One of the main economic problems caused by the increase in the number of children is the depletion of the world's natural resources. The world's population is expected to reach 6 billion by 2000, and this will put a tremendous strain on the world's resources (United Nations 1994).

Another economic problem caused by the increase in the number of children is the increase in the world's debt. The world's population is expected to reach 6 billion by 2000, and this will put a tremendous strain on the world's resources (United Nations 1994).

There are a number of ways in which the world can address the environmental and economic problems caused by the increase in the number of children. One of the main ways is to reduce the world's population (United Nations 1994).

Another way is to reduce the world's consumption of natural resources. The world's population is expected to reach 6 billion by 2000, and this will put a tremendous strain on the world's resources (United Nations 1994).

A third way is to reduce the world's greenhouse gas emissions. The world's population is expected to reach 6 billion by 2000, and this will put a tremendous strain on the world's resources (United Nations 1994).

There are a number of ways in which the world can address the environmental and economic problems caused by the increase in the number of children. One of the main ways is to reduce the world's population (United Nations 1994).

Another way is to reduce the world's consumption of natural resources. The world's population is expected to reach 6 billion by 2000, and this will put a tremendous strain on the world's resources (United Nations 1994).

A third way is to reduce the world's greenhouse gas emissions. The world's population is expected to reach 6 billion by 2000, and this will put a tremendous strain on the world's resources (United Nations 1994).

There are a number of ways in which the world can address the environmental and economic problems caused by the increase in the number of children. One of the main ways is to reduce the world's population (United Nations 1994).

Another way is to reduce the world's consumption of natural resources. The world's population is expected to reach 6 billion by 2000, and this will put a tremendous strain on the world's resources (United Nations 1994).

A third way is to reduce the world's greenhouse gas emissions. The world's population is expected to reach 6 billion by 2000, and this will put a tremendous strain on the world's resources (United Nations 1994).